

# **LaFleur: Exploring Medical Language, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition**

## **Chapter 01: Introduction to Medical Language**

### **Test Bank**

#### **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Medical language includes terms built from the following languages:
  - a. German and Russian
  - b. Italian and French
  - c. Greek and Latin
  - d. Chinese and Japanese

ANS: C                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language

2. A medical term formed from the first letters of the words in a phrase, which can be spoken as a whole word and usually contains a vowel, such as laser, is
  - a. an eponym
  - b. modern language
  - c. built from the English language
  - d. an acronym

ANS: D                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language

3. Terms built from the name of a person, often a physician or scientist who was the first to identify a condition or technique, such as Alzheimer disease, is
  - a. an acronym
  - b. built from the English language
  - c. an eponym
  - d. modern language

ANS: C                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language

4. The word part that contains the fundamental meaning of the word is the
  - a. prefix
  - b. word root
  - c. suffix
  - d. combining vowel

ANS: B                      REF: 6                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

5. The word part that is attached to the beginning of a word root to modify its meaning is the
- a. word root
  - b. suffix
  - c. prefix
  - d. combining vowel

ANS: C

REF: 7

OBJ: 3

TOP: Word Parts

6. The word part that is attached to the end of a word root to modify its meaning is the
- a. combining vowel
  - b. suffix
  - c. word root
  - d. prefix

ANS: B

REF: 7

OBJ: 3

TOP: Word Parts

7. All medical terms have at least one
- a. prefix
  - b. combining vowel
  - c. suffix
  - d. word root

ANS: D

REF: 6

OBJ: 3

TOP: Word Parts

8. A combining form is made up of a
- a. word root and a combining vowel
  - b. prefix and a combining vowel
  - c. combining vowel and a suffix
  - d. prefix and a word root

ANS: A

REF: 10

OBJ: 3

TOP: Word Parts

9. A combining vowel is used to
- a. ease word pronunciation
  - b. modify the meaning of a word
  - c. make analyzing a word easier
  - d. make defining a word easier

ANS: A

REF: 8

OBJ: 3

TOP: Word Parts

10. The most common combining vowel is
- a. a
  - b. i
  - c. e
  - d. o

ANS: D                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

11. In the term arthr/itis, itis is the
- a. word root
  - b. prefix
  - c. combining vowel
  - d. suffix

ANS: D                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

12. In the term sub/hepat/ic, which part is the prefix?
- a. ic
  - b. sub
  - c. hepat
  - d. hepat/o

ANS: B                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

13. In the term oste/o/arthr/o/pathy, which part is the suffix?
- a. the second o
  - b. oste
  - c. arthr
  - d. pathology

ANS: D                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

14. The o in arthr/o/pathy is the
- a. combining vowel
  - b. prefix
  - c. word root
  - d. suffix

ANS: A                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 3                      TOP: Word Parts

15. When defining a medical term, one usually begins the definition with the
- a. word root
  - b. prefix
  - c. suffix
  - d. combining vowel

ANS: C                      REF: 12                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

## **MATCHING**

- a. terms built from word parts
- b. terms not built from word parts
- c. acronym
- d. modern language
- e. eponym
- f. Greek and Latin

1. languages used in medical terms
2. the name of a person, often a physician or scientist, used to name a condition or technique
3. the use of English language to form a term
4. can be translated literally to find their meaning
5. the first letters of the words in a phrase that can be spoken as a whole word and usually contains a vowel, are used to form a medical term
6. cannot be easily translated literally to find their meaning

1. ANS: F                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms
2. ANS: E                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms
3. ANS: D                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms
4. ANS: A                      REF: 5                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms
5. ANS: C                      REF: 4                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms
6. ANS: B                      REF: 5                      OBJ: 1 | 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language and Categories of Medical Terms

WORD ROOTS	SUFFIXES	PREFIXES
arth ---- joint	-itis ---- inflammation	intra-
hepat ---- liver	-ic ---- pertaining to	sub-
ven ---- vein	-ous ---- pertaining to	
oste ---- bone	-pathy ---- disease	COMBINING VOWEL
	-megaly ---- enlargement	o

Using the word parts in the above box, determine the correct definition of the following medical terms and write the appropriate answer on the line provided.

- arthr/itis
- arthr/o/pathy
- hepat/o/megaly
- intra/ven/ous
- hepat/itis
- hepat/ic
- oste/o/pathy
- sub/hepat/ic

- pertaining to the liver
- disease of the bone
- pertaining to within the vein
- pertaining to below the liver
- disease of a joint
- inflammation of a joint
- enlargement of the liver
- inflammation of the liver

7. ANS: F                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

8. ANS: G                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

9. ANS: D                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

10. ANS: H                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

11. ANS: B REF: 8 OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms
12. ANS: A REF: 6 OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms
13. ANS: C REF: 10 OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms
14. ANS: E REF: 10 OBJ: 4  
TOP: Analyze and Define Medical Terms

WORD ROOTS	SUFFIXES	PREFIXES
arth ---- joint	-itis ---- inflammation	intra-
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ven ---- vein	-ous ---- pertaining to	
oste ---- bone	-pathy ---- disease	COMBINING VOWEL
	-megaly ---- enlargement	o

Using the word parts in the above box, determine the correct medical terms for the definition and write the appropriate answer on the line provided.

- inflammation of a joint
  - disease of the bone
  - inflammation of the liver
  - pertaining to below the liver
  - enlargement of the liver
  - pertaining to the liver
  - disease of a joint
  - pertaining to within the vein
15. hepat/o/megaly
16. intra/ven/ous
17. sub/hepat/ic
18. arthr/itis
19. arthr/o/pathy
20. oste/o/pathy
21. hepat/ic
22. hepat/itis

15. ANS: E                      REF: 10                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
16. ANS: H                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
17. ANS: D                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
18. ANS: A                      REF: 6                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
19. ANS: G                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
20. ANS: B                      REF: 8                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
21. ANS: F                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions
22. ANS: C                      REF: 7                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Build Medical Terms for Given Definitions