

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Gastrectomy:

- a. Gastric resection
- b. Intestinal incision
- c. Tumor of the stomach
- d. Incision of the stomach
- e. Resection of the intestine

ANS: A REF: 9 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

2. Osteitis:

- a. Incision of a bone
- b. Removal of a bone
- c. Incision of a joint
- d. Inflammation of a joint
- e. Inflammation of a bone

ANS: E REF: 11 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

3. Cystoscopy:

- a. Study of cells
- b. Visual examination of cells
- c. Removal of a sac of fluid
- d. Removal of the urinary bladder
- e. Visual examination of the urinary bladder

ANS: E REF: 8 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

4. Hepatoma:

- a. Incision of the kidney
- b. Tumor of the liver
- c. Blood mass
- d. Inflammation of the liver
- e. Red blood cell

ANS: B REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

5. Iatrogenic:

- a. Pertaining to produced by treatment
- b. Produced by the mind
- c. Cancer-producing
- d. Pertaining to producing a tumor
- e. Cutting into a tumor

ANS: A REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

6. Electroencephalogram:

- a. Record of electricity in the brain
- b. Record of electricity in the heart
- c. X-ray of the brain
- d. Record of sound waves in the brain
- e. X-ray of the heart and brain

ANS: A REF: 9 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

7. Diagnosis:

- a. Made after the prognosis
- b. A guess as to the patient's condition
- c. A prediction of the course of treatment
- d. Made on the basis of complete knowledge about the patient's condition
- e. A treatment of the patient

ANS: D REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

8. Cancerous tumor:

- a. Hematoma
- b. Adenoma
- c. Carcinoma
- d. Carcinogenic
- e. Neurotomy

ANS: C REF: 7 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

9. Microscopic examination of living tissue:

- a. Incision
- b. Pathology
- c. Biopsy
- d. Autopsy
- e. Resection

ANS: C REF: 7 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

10. Pertaining to the largest part of the brain:

- a. Cerebral
- b. Cephalic
- c. Renal
- d. Cardiac
- e. Neural

ANS: A REF: 8 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

11. Removal of a gland:

- a. Gastrotomy
- b. Gastric
- c. Hepatic resection
- d. Nephric section
- e. Adenectomy

ANS: E REF: 7 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

12. Decrease in numbers of red blood cells or hemoglobin within red blood cells:

- a. Anemia
- b. Erythrocytosis
- c. Thrombocytosis
- d. Leukemia
- e. Leukocytosis

ANS: A REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

13. Pathologist is one who:

- a. Examines x-rays
- b. Operates on the urinary tract
- c. Performs autopsies and examines biopsies
- d. Operates on the kidney
- e. Treats diseases with chemicals

ANS: C REF: 11 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

14. Pain in a joint:

- a. Ostealgia
- b. Arthritis
- c. Osteoarthritis
- d. Arthroalgia
- e. Arthralgia

ANS: E REF: 11 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

15. Increase in number of malignant white blood cells:

- a. Leukocytosis
- b. Leukemia
- c. Erythremia
- d. Thrombocytosis
- e. Erythrocytosis

ANS: B REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

16. Instrument to view the eye:

- a. Ophthalmoscopy
- b. Ophthalmoscope
- c. Ophthalmology
- d. Ophthalmoscope
- e. Ophthalmoscopy

ANS: D REF: 11 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

17. A platelet:

- a. Hematoma
- b. Thrombosis
- c. Leukocyte
- d. Thrombocyte
- e. Erythrocyte

ANS: D REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

18. Abnormal condition of the mind:
a. Physchosis
b. Psychosis
c. Psychogenic
d. Encephalopathy
e. Adenoma
ANS: B REF: 19 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

19. Inflammation of the nose:
a. Arthrosis
b. Hepatitis
c. Nephritis
d. Dermatosiis
e. Rhinitis
ANS: E REF: 12 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

20. Study of cells:
a. Pathology
b. Cytology
c. Cystology
d. Dermatology
e. Urology
ANS: B REF: 9 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

21. Pertaining to through the liver:
a. Subrenal
b. Transdermal
c. Transhepatic
d. Subhepatic
e. Hepatoma
ANS: C REF: 15 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

22. Abnormal condition of the kidney:
a. Neurologic
b. Neuralgia
c. Nephrotomy
d. Neural
e. Nephrosis
ANS: E REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

23. Incision of a bone:
a. Sarcoma
b. Pathogenic
c. Osteotomy
d. Ostectomy
e. Endoscopy
ANS: C REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

24. High level of sugar in the blood:
a. Hematoma
b. Hypodermic
c. Hypoglycemia
d. Hyperglycemia
e. Hypogastric
ANS: D REF: 10 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

Select the term that is spelled correctly.

25. Resection of a nerve:
a. neruotomy
b. neurectomy
c. neurotomy
ANS: B REF: 10 |13 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

26. Pertaining to produced by treatment:
a. iatrogenic
b. iatragenic
c. itarogenic
ANS: A REF: 10 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

27. Pertaining to the cerebrum:
a. cerebrol
b. serebral
c. cerebral
ANS: C REF: 8 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
28. Cancerous tumor:
a. carcinoma
b. carsinoma
c. karsinoma
ANS: A REF: 7 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
29. Collection of blood:
a. hepatoma
b. hematoma
c. hepitoma
ANS: B REF: 10 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
30. High blood sugar:
a. hypoglycemia
b. hyperglycemia
c. hyperglycemia
ANS: C REF: 10 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
31. Membrane surrounding the heart:
a. perycardium
b. pericardium
c. pericardum
ANS: B REF: 15 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
32. Instrument to examine within:
a. endoscope
b. endoskope
c. endoscopy
ANS: A REF: 14 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
33. Disease of the intestines:
a. entrapathy
b. interopathy
c. enteropathy
ANS: C REF: 14 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
34. Inflammation of the urinary bladder:
a. cytitis
b. cystitis
c. sistitis
ANS: B REF: 13 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
- Select the correct meaning for the following combining forms.**
35. arthr/o:
a. gland
b. red
c. joint
ANS: C REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
36. cyst/o:
a. urinary bladder
b. cell
c. to secrete
ANS: A REF: 8 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
37. encephal/o:
a. electricity
b. brain
c. cell
ANS: B REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

38. aden/o:
a. brain
b. gland
c. joint
ANS: B REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
39. cyt/o:
a. cerebrum
b. urinary bladder
c. cell
ANS: C REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
40. carcin/o:
a. cancer
b. to secrete
c. heart
ANS: A REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
41. cephal/o:
a. intestines
b. head
c. cell
ANS: B REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
42. cerebr/o:
a. cerebrum, largest part of the brain
b. head
c. cancer
ANS: A REF: 8 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
43. enter/o:
a. flesh
b. stomach
c. intestine, usually small intestine
ANS: C REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
44. hepat/o:
a. liver
b. blood
c. kidney
ANS: A REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
45. ped/o:
a. bone
b. child
c. disease
ANS: B REF: 11 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
46. ren/o:
a. nose
b. kidney
c. liver
ANS: B REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
47. ur/o:
a. disease
b. tumor
c. urine or urinary tract
ANS: C REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Select the correct meaning for the following suffixes.

48. -gram:
a. protein
b. blood condition
c. record
ANS: C REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

49. -itis:
a. blood condition
b. inflammation
c. excision; removal
ANS: B REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
50. -opsy:
a. instrument to visually examine
b. process of viewing
c. tumor; mass; swelling
ANS: B REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
51. -oma:
a. tumor; mass; swelling
b. condition
c. process of viewing
ANS: A REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
52. -scopy:
a. excision; removal
b. instrument to visually examine
c. process of visual examination
ANS: C REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
53. -logy:
a. process of study; study of
b. condition
c. protein
ANS: A REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Select the correct meaning for the following prefixes.

54. hyper-:
a. deficient; below; under; less than normal
b. surrounding; around
c. excessive; above; more than normal
ANS: C REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
55. peri-:
a. before; forward
b. surrounding; around
c. across; through
ANS: B REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
56. epi-:
a. into; in
b. outside of; outward
c. above; upon
ANS: C REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
57. trans-:
a. across; through
b. surrounding; around
c. before; forward
ANS: A REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
58. hypo-:
a. surrounding; around
b. deficient; below; under; less than normal
c. excessive; above; more than normal
ANS: B REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
59. dia-:
a. through; complete
b. self; own
c. behind
ANS: A REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Select the correct combining form for the following terms.

60. Heart:
a. carcin/o
b. cardi/o
c. crin/o
ANS: B REF: 6 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

61. Skin:
a. derm/o
b. erythr/o
c. sarc/o
ANS: A REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

62. Sugar:
a. gnos/o
b. leuk/o
c. glyc/o
ANS: C REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

63. X-rays:
a. radi/o
b. path/o
c. onc/o
ANS: A REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

64. Flesh:
a. derm/o
b. rhin/o
c. sarc/o
ANS: C REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Choose the accented syllable in the following terms (for example: anemia = ne, diagnosis = no, endocrine = en).

65. Arthrotomy:
a. arth
b. ro
c. to
d. my
ANS: B REF: 7 |14 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

66. Cystoscopy:
a. cys
b. tos
c. co
d. py
ANS: B REF: 27 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

67. Gastrectomy:
a. gas
b. trec
c. to
d. my
ANS: B REF: 28 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

68. Endocrinology:
a. endo
b. cri
c. nol
d. o
e. gy
ANS: C REF: 28 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

69. Neuralgia:
a. neur
b. al
c. gi
d. a
ANS: B REF: 29 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

70. Pericarditis:
a. per
b. i
c. car
d. di
e. tis
ANS: D REF: 7 |15 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
71. Ophthalmoscope:
a. oph
b. thal
c. mo
d. scope
ANS: B REF: 29 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
72. Hepatoma:
a. hep
b. a
c. to
d. ma
ANS: C REF: 28 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
73. Retrogastric:
a. re
b. tro
c. gas
d. tric
ANS: C REF: 9 |13 |15 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
74. Cytology:
a. cy
b. tol
c. o
d. gy
ANS: B REF: 27 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

Spelling

75. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. luekocyte
b. leukocyte
ANS: B REF: 10 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
76. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. neuralgia
b. nueralgia
ANS: A REF: 13 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
77. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. erythrocyte
b. erthyrocyte
ANS: A REF: 13 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
78. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. ophthalmoscopy
b. ophththalmoscopy
ANS: B REF: 19 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
79. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. pathogenic
b. pathojenic
ANS: A REF: 13 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
80. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. thrombocyte
b. thrombocyt
ANS: A REF: 12 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
81. Select the term that is spelled correctly:
a. sacroma
b. sarcoma
ANS: B REF: 12 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

82. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

a. psychology

b. physcology

ANS: A

REF: 12

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
83. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

a. biospy

b. biopsy

ANS: B

REF: 13

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.
84. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

a. gynocology

b. gynecology

ANS: B

REF: 10

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

MATCHING

- Match the terms with their correct combining forms.

a. psych/o

b. ophthalm/o

c. path/o

d. ren/o

e. rhin/o

f. radi/o

g. onc/o

h. sarc/o

i. thromb/o

j. ur/o

k. oste/o

l. sect/o
1. Kidney

2. Disease

3. Eye

4. Nose

5. Flesh

6. Bone

7. Mind

8. Tumor

9. Clotting

10. Urinary tract

11. X-rays

12. To cut
1. ANS: D

2. ANS: C

3. ANS: B

4. ANS: E

5. ANS: H

6. ANS: K

7. ANS: A

8. ANS: G

9. ANS: I

10. ANS: J

11. ANS: F

12. ANS: L
- REF: 12

REF: 11

REF: 11

REF: 12

REF: 12

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REF: 12
- OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

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OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Match the terms with their correct definitions.

- a. adenopathy
- b. arthralgia
- c. biopsy
- d. carcinogenic
- e. cystoscopy
- f. erythrocyte
- g. gastrotomy
- h. hematoma
- i. hyperglycemia
- j. iatrogenic
- k. leukemia
- l. leukocytosis
- m. nephrectomy
- n. neuralgia
- o. oncologist
- p. ophthalmoscope
- q. osteitis
- r. pathologist
- s. prognosis
- t. thrombocyte

- 13. Pain of nerves
- 14. Inflammation of bone
- 15. Prediction about the outcome of treatment
- 16. Microscopic examination of living tissue
- 17. Blood cell that carries oxygen
- 18. Physician who specializes in drug treatment of cancerous tumors
- 19. Disease of a gland
- 20. Resection of a kidney
- 21. A platelet
- 22. Process of visual examination of the urinary bladder
- 23. Pertaining to an abnormal condition produced by a treatment
- 24. Incision of the stomach
- 25. Pertaining to producing cancer
- 26. An instrument to visually examine the eye
- 27. High blood sugar: diabetes mellitus
- 28. A physician who examines dead bodies to determine the cause of death
- 29. Pain of a joint
- 30. Mass or collection of blood
- 31. Slight increase in numbers of white blood cells as response to infection
- 32. Increase in abnormal, immature white blood cells; a malignant condition

13. ANS: N	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
14. ANS: Q	REF: 11	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
15. ANS: S	REF: 10	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
16. ANS: C	REF: 7	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
17. ANS: F	REF: 9	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
18. ANS: O	REF: 11	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
19. ANS: A	REF: 14	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
20. ANS: M	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
21. ANS: T	REF: 12	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
22. ANS: E	REF: 8	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
23. ANS: J	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
24. ANS: G	REF: 9	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
25. ANS: D	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
26. ANS: P	REF: 11	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
27. ANS: I	REF: 10	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
28. ANS: R	REF: 11	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
29. ANS: B	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
30. ANS: H	REF: 10	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
31. ANS: L	REF: 14	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
32. ANS: K	REF: 13	OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

Match the meanings with their correct terms.

- a. low levels of blood sugar
- b. treatment of the mind
- c. study of tumors
- d. excision of the stomach
- e. pertaining to producing cancer
- f. abnormal condition (slight increase) of white blood cells
- g. brain disease
- h. abnormal condition of the skin
- i. cancerous condition of white blood cells
- j. pertaining to produced by treatment

- 33. Encephalopathy

- 34. Carcinogenic
- 35. Oncology
- 36. Dermatosiis
- 37. Psychiatry
- 38. Leukemia
- 39. Hypoglycemia
- 40. Iatrogenic
- 41. Gastric resection
- 42. Leukocytosis

33. ANS: G	REF: 9 14	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
34. ANS: E	REF: 13	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
35. ANS: C	REF: 11	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
36. ANS: H	REF: 9 14	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
37. ANS: B	REF: 22	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
38. ANS: I	REF: 13	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
39. ANS: A	REF: 15	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
40. ANS: J	REF: 13	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
41. ANS: D	REF: 12	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.
42. ANS: F	REF: 14	OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

OTHER

1. arthr/o: _____

ANS:
joint

REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

2. cyst/o: _____

ANS:
urinary bladder

REF: 8 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

3. encephal/o: _____

ANS:
brain

REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

4. aden/o: _____

ANS:
gland

REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

5. cyt/o: _____

ANS:
cell

REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

6. carcin/o: _____

ANS:
cancer

REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

7. cephal/o: _____

ANS:
head

REF: 7 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

8. cerebr/o: _____

ANS:
cerebrum
largest part of the brain

REF: 8 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

9. cyt/o: _____

ANS:
cell

REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

10. enter/o: _____

ANS:
intestine
small intestine

REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

11. hepat/o: _____

ANS:
liver

REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

12. ped/o: _____

ANS:
child

REF: 11 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

13. ren/o: _____

ANS:
kidney

REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

14. ur/o: _____

ANS:
urine
urinary tract

REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

15. cis/o: _____

ANS:
to cut

REF: 8 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Give meanings for the following suffixes.

16. -gram: _____

ANS:
record

REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

17. -itis: _____

ANS:
inflammation

REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

18. -opsy: _____

ANS:
to view

REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

19. -oma: _____

ANS:
tumor

REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

20. -scopy: _____

ANS:
process of visual examination

REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Complete the following medical terms from their meanings.

21. -logy: _____

ANS:
study of

REF: 13 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

22. Mass of blood: _____oma

ANS:
hemat

REF: 10 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

23. White blood cell: _____cyte

ANS:
leuko

REF: 10 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

24. Pain of nerves: neur_____

ANS:
algia

REF: 13 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

25. Red blood cell: _____cyte

ANS:
erythro

REF: 13 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

26. peri-: _____

ANS:
surrounding

REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

27. epi-: _____

ANS:
above

REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

28. trans-: _____

ANS:
across
through

REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

29. hypo-: _____

ANS:
below
deficient

REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

30. dia-: _____

ANS:
through
complete

REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

31. Prediction about the outcome of a disease; “before knowledge”: pro_____

ANS:
gnosis

REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

32. Inflammation of the kidney: _____itis

ANS:
nephro

REF: 10 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

33. Pertaining to producing disease: patho_____

ANS:
genic

REF: 13 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

34. Study of women and female reproductive diseases: _____ology

ANS:
gynec

REF: 10 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

35. Record of electricity in the brain: electro_____

ANS:
encephalogram

REF: 9 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

36. Abnormal condition of clotting cells: thrombocyt_____

ANS:
osis

REF: 14 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

37. Examination of living tissue under a microscope: bi_____

ANS:
opsy

REF: 13 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

38. Pertaining to the largest part of the brain: _____al

ANS:
cerebr

REF: 8 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

39. Tumor of a gland (benign): _____oma

ANS:
aden

REF: 7 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

40. Inflammation of bone and joint: _____arthritis

ANS:
osteo

REF: 11 OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

41. Heart: _____

ANS:
cardi/o

REF: 6 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

42. Skin: _____
- ANS:
derm/o
dermat/o
- REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
43. Sugar: _____
- ANS:
glyc/o
- REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
44. Woman, female: _____
- ANS:
gynec/o
- REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
45. X-rays: _____
- ANS:
radi/o
- REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
46. Mind: _____
- ANS:
psych/o
- REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
47. Nose: _____
- ANS:
rhin/o
- REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
48. Flesh: _____
- ANS:
sarc/o
- REF: 12 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
49. hypo-: _____
- ANS:
deficient
below
under
less than normal
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
50. dia-: _____
- ANS:
through
complete
- REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
51. -scopy: _____
- ANS:
process of visually examining
- REF: 14 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
52. -gram: _____
- ANS:
record
- REF: 9 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

53. -globin: _____
- ANS:
protein
- REF: 10 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
54. trans-: _____
- ANS:
across
through
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
55. sub-: _____
- ANS:
below
under
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
56. retro-: _____
- ANS:
behind
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
57. epi-: _____
- ANS:
above
upon
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
58. end-, endo-: _____
- ANS:
within
- REF: 15 OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

Select the term that is spelled correctly and give its meaning.

59. A. luekocyte
B. leukocyte
A or B: ____ meaning: _____
- ANS:
B, white blood cell
- REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
60. A. neuralgia
B. nueralgia
A or B: ____ meaning: _____
- ANS:
A, pain of nerves
- REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.
61. A. erythrocyte
B. erthyrocyte
A or B: ____ meaning: _____
- ANS:
A, red blood cell
- REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

62. A. ophthalmoscopy
B. ophthalmoscopy
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
B, visual examination of the eye

REF: 19 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

63. A. pathogenic
B. pathojenic
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
A, pertaining to producing disease

REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

64. A. thrombocyte
B. thrombocyt
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
A, clotting cell (platelet)

REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

65. A. sacroma
B. sarcoma
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
B, tumor of fleshy tissue (malignant)

REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

66. A. psychology
B. physcology
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
A, study of the mind

REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

67. A. biospy
B. biopsy
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
B, view (microscopic) of living tissue

REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

68. A. gynocology
B. gynecology
A or B: ____ meaning: _____

ANS:
B, study of female diseases

REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

Using slashes, divide the following terms into parts and give the meanings of the terms (for example: adenoma = aden/oma, tumor of glandular tissue).

69. Cerebral:
word parts: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
cerebr/al, pertaining to the cerebrum
cerebr/al, largest part of the brain

REF: 18 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

70. Electrocardiogram:
word parts: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
electrocardio/gram, record of the electricity in the heart

REF: 18 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

71. Dermatitis:
word parts: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
dermat/itis, inflammation of the skin

REF: 18 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

72. Cephalic:
word parts: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
cephal/ic, pertaining to the head

REF: 18 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

Give the suffix in each of the following terms and the meaning of the entire term.

73. Nephrectomy:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
ectomy, removal of the kidney

REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

74. Osteotomy:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
tomy, incision of a bone

REF: 14 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

75. Oncology:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
logy, study of tumors (cancerous)

REF: 11 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

76. Renal:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
al, pertaining to the kidney

REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

77. Psychosis:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
osis, abnormal condition of the mind

REF: 19 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

78. Carcinogenic:
suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
genic, pertaining to producing cancer

REF: 13 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

Give the prefix in each of the following terms and the meaning of the entire term.

79. Subhepatic:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
sub, pertaining to below the liver

REF: 15 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

80. Hyperglycemia:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
hyper, excessive blood sugar

REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

81. Pericardium:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
peri, membrane surrounding the heart

REF: 15 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

82. Prognosis:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
pro, prediction about the outcome of treatment

REF: 10 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

83. Hypodermic:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
hypo, pertaining to under the skin

REF: 9 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

84. Resection:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
re, process of cutting back (removal)

REF: 12 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

85. Hypodermic:
prefix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
hypo, pertaining to under the skin

REF: 9 OBJ: Analyze medical terms.