

CHAPTER 1 (odd-numbered problems)

Instructor's Solutions Manual

to accompany

Fundamentals of Structural Dynamics

Second Edition

by

Roy R. Craig, Jr. and Andrew J. Kurdila

Prepared by the authors.

© 2006 by the authors.

1.1 Solution

(a) Determine the natural frequency if $k = 40 \text{ N/m}$ and the mass is $m = 2.0 \text{ kg}$.

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{40 \text{ N/m}}{2.0 \text{ kg}}} = 4.47 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$f_n = \frac{\omega_n}{2\pi} = 0.71 \text{ Hz} \quad \text{Ans. (a)}$$

(b) Determine the natural frequency if $k = 100 \text{ lb/in.}$ and the mass weighs $W = 50 \text{ lb}$.

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{kg}{W}} = \sqrt{\frac{(100 \text{ lb/in.})(386 \text{ in./sec}^2)}{50 \text{ lb}}} = 27.78 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$f_n = \frac{\omega_n}{2\pi} = 4.42 \text{ Hz} \quad \text{Ans. (b)}$$

1.3 Solution

(a) Determine the equation of motion of mass m .

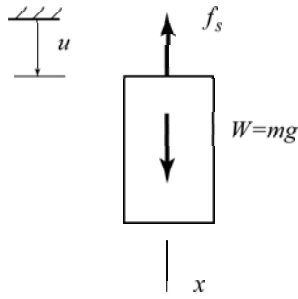


Figure 1

From Fig. 1,

$$\sum F_x = m\ddot{u} = mg - f_s$$

The force-elongation equation for the spring is

$$f_s = ku$$

Finally, the equation of motion is

$$m\ddot{u} + ku = mg$$

Ans. (a)

(b) Determine expressions for the natural frequency ω_n and the period T_n .

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k_u}{m_u}} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}, \quad T_n = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_n} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} \quad \text{Ans. (b)}$$

(c) If $k = 1.2 \text{ N/m}$ and $m = 0.8 \text{ kg}$, what is the resulting natural frequency f_n of this system?

$$f_n = \frac{\omega_n}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{1.2 \text{ N/m}}{0.8 \text{ kg}}} = 0.195 \text{ Hz} \quad \text{Ans. (c)}$$

1.5 Solution

Determine an expression for the free vibration of the SDOF system in Part (c) of Prob. 1.2 if $u_0 = 2$ in. and $v_0 = 0$.

From Eq. 1.9,

$$u(t) = u_0 \cos \omega_n t + \frac{v_0}{\omega_n} \sin \omega_n t$$

From Part (c) of Prob. 1.2,

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{2kg}{W}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(40 \text{ lb/in.})(386 \text{ in./sec}^2)}{20 \text{ lb}}} = 39.29 \text{ rad/sec}$$

Therefore,

$$u(t) = u_0 \cos \omega_n t = 2 \cos (39.29t) \text{ in.}$$

Ans.