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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A survey is a qualitative method of data collection.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 2. A fact to keep in mind when making relationship choices is that choices do not involve trade-offs.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 3. According to the looking-glass self, the image people have of themselves is not affected by what other people tell them about themselves.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 4. Status placement is a primary function of the family.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 5. A cross-sectional study involves studying the same group across time.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 6. In the context of the trends in marriage and family, diversity in marriage and family life will continue as evidenced by same-sex marriages/families, single-parent families, childfree families, and poly families.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 7. In the context of the human ecology framework, the well-being of individuals and families can be considered apart from the well-being of the environment.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8. Singlehood will continue to be the dominant lifestyle choice for about 85% of adults in the United States.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 9. The looking-glass self and the self-fulfilling prophecy are concepts exclusive to conflict framework of viewing the family.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 10. A case study is a quantitative method of data collection.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. Research is valuable since it helps to provide evidence for or against a hypothesis.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 12. For people to marry by common law, they must be of sound mind, be unmarried, and must have lived together for a certain period of time.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 13. A feminist framework views marriage and family as contexts of inequality and oppression for women.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 14. The first step in the research process is developing a hypothesis.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 15. In healthy families, individuals are locked into one role.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 16. The Industrial Revolution refers to the social and economic changes that occurred when human labor became the dominant mode for the production of goods.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 17. In the context of family life cycles, even if developmental tasks at one stage are not accomplished, functioning in subsequent stages will not be impaired.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 18. The last step in the research process is to identify the topic or focus of the research.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 19. Conflict theorists believe that conflict is an unnatural and unhealthy part of relationships.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 20. Generation Yers believe in paying one's dues, getting credentials, and sacrificing through hard work to achieve economic stability.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 21. Marriages in the year 2020 have rigid gender roles.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 22. In a family, sex between near kin is neither expected nor approved.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 23. In the context of feminist perspectives, lesbian feminism emphasizes oppressive heterosexuality.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 24. Persons married by common law who move to a non-common-law state are not recognized as being married in the state to which they move.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 25. The family life course developmental framework has its basis in psychology, whereas the family life cycle has its basis in sociology.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 26. The family of orientation represents the family that you will begin should you marry and have children.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 27. A hypothesis is a suggested explanation for a phenomenon.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 28. The \_\_\_\_\_ represents the family a person begins typically by getting married and having children.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family of recreation | |  | b. | family of orientation | |  | c. | family of origin | |  | d. | family of procreation |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 29. Liz and Harry have been married for a year. Liz has a daughter from her previous marriage who lives with the couple. The family exemplified in this scenario is \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The extended family | |  | b. | A blended family | |  | c. | The traditional family | |  | d. | A nuclear family |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 30. The family systems framework views each member of the family as part of a system and the family as a unit that develops norms of interacting. In this context, which of the following is an example of an implicit norm?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Spouses disconnecting from their family of procreation to focus on their family of origin | |  | b. | Parents specifying when their children must stop texting for the evening | |  | c. | Parents instructing their children to focus on their education | |  | d. | Spouses expecting fidelity from each other |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 31. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, \_\_\_\_\_ is the theory that individuals rationally weigh the rewards and costs associated with behavioral choices.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | chauvinism | |  | b. | communism | |  | c. | masochism | |  | d. | utilitarianism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 32. People of \_\_\_\_\_ were born in the information age.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Generation Y | |  | b. | the Millennial Generation | |  | c. | the Great Generation | |  | d. | Generation Z |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 33. In the 1950s, \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | cohabitation was a norm | |  | b. | pairings were not influenced by parental approval | |  | c. | children born out of wedlock were stigmatized | |  | d. | children were reared in day care centers due to dual career parents |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 34. The term symbolic interaction refers to the process of interpersonal interaction and involves the concept of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | crisis management | |  | b. | the looking-glass self | |  | c. | the choice-supportive bias | |  | d. | genotypic variation |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 35. According to the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, individuals, couples, and families are dependent on the environment for survival and on other people for social interaction.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ecological perspective | |  | b. | psychodynamic perspective | |  | c. | conflict perspective | |  | d. | cognitive perspective |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 36. The U.S. Census Bureau's definition of family has been challenged because it does not include:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | adopted individuals. | |  | b. | people related by blood. | |  | c. | long-term couples who live together. | |  | d. | people related by marriage. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 37. Identify a fact to keep in mind when making relationship choices.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Choices are unaffected by the family life circle. | |  | b. | Some choices require correction. | |  | c. | Actions need not follow a choice. | |  | d. | Most choices are irrevocable. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 38. In comparison with married people, single people have:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | more hospital admissions. | |  | b. | lower rates of drug use and abuse. | |  | c. | more individuals upon whom they can rely for help. | |  | d. | fewer economic resources. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 39. The \_\_\_\_\_ emphasizes how marriage and family contribute to society.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | conflict framework | |  | b. | family life course development framework | |  | c. | structure-function framework | |  | d. | symbolic interaction framework |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 40. The\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_has its basis in psychology and emphasizes the various developmental tasks family members face across time.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family life course developmental framework | |  | b. | structural-functional family theory | |  | c. | family growth chart | |  | d. | family life cycle |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 41. In the context of the structure-function framework, which of the following is a primary function of families?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Emotional stability | |  | b. | Physical care | |  | c. | Social control | |  | d. | Status placement |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 42. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, which of the following theoretical frameworks emphasizes the important role transitions of individuals that occur in different periods of life and in different social contexts?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The family life course development framework | |  | b. | The social exchange framework | |  | c. | The structure-function framework | |  | d. | The symbolic interaction framework |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 43. Which of the following is a fact to keep in mind when making relationship choices?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Choices do not require correction. | |  | b. | Actions need not follow a choice. | |  | c. | Most choices are irrevocable. | |  | d. | Not to decide is to decide. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 44. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are a set of interrelated principles designed to explain a particular phenomenon and provide a point of view.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | diagnostic ideologies | |  | b. | theoretical frameworks | |  | c. | availability heuristics | |  | d. | existential theories |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 45. The term \_\_\_\_\_ refers to a heterosexual cohabiting couple presenting themselves as married.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | common-law marriage | |  | b. | polygamous marriage | |  | c. | mixed-orientation marriage | |  | d. | lavender marriage |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 46. The family of orientation is also known as the:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family of procreation. | |  | b. | family of origin. | |  | c. | family of recreation. | |  | d. | family of reciprocity. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 47. Which of the following statements is true of marriages?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | They focus their recreation around children. | |  | b. | They tend to involve individuals of similar ages. | |  | c. | They continue beyond the life of an individual. | |  | d. | They are consequences of procreation. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 48. Which of the following statements is true of choices in relationships?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Choices do not require correction. | |  | b. | Most choices are revocable. | |  | c. | Choices are unaffected by the family life circle. | |  | d. | Actions need not follow a choice. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 49. In \_\_\_\_\_, the same group is studied across time.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | longitudinal research | |  | b. | latitudinal research | |  | c. | cross-sectional research | |  | d. | parallel research |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 50. The family life course developmental framework has its basis in \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | sociology | |  | b. | psychology | |  | c. | physiology | |  | d. | ecology |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 51. Which of the following is a qualitative method of data collection?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Questionnaires | |  | b. | Archives | |  | c. | Surveys | |  | d. | Interviews |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 52. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is a type of marriage in which one wife has two or more husbands.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Polyandry | |  | b. | Monogamy | |  | c. | Polygyny | |  | d. | Misogyny |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 53. The social exchange framework of marriage and the family operates from a premise of \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | feminism | |  | b. | utilitarianism | |  | c. | heterosexism | |  | d. | masochism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 54. According to \_\_\_\_\_, women and men will experience life differently because there are different expectations for the respective genders.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | feminist theory | |  | b. | heterosexism | |  | c. | utilitarianism | |  | d. | gender schema theory |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 55. \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of marriage involving one husband and two or more wives.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Monogamy | |  | b. | Polygyny | |  | c. | Androgyny | |  | d. | Misogyny |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 56. The major reason for polyandry is \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | economic | |  | b. | political | |  | c. | biological | |  | d. | religious |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 57. The veterans and civilians of World War II belonged to the \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Homeland Generation | |  | b. | Great Generation | |  | c. | Silent Generation | |  | d. | Millennial Generation |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 58. Nyima is married to four brothers. They belong to a poor family and pool all their resources to support her. The marriage depicted in this scenario can be referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | polyandry | |  | b. | polygyny | |  | c. | misogyny | |  | d. | monogamy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 59. Which of the following statements is true of marriages and families in the year 2020?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Virginity before marriage is rare. | |  | b. | Cohabitation is unacceptable. | |  | c. | Gender roles are rigid. | |  | d. | Families are focused on the needs of children. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 60. Which of the following statements is true of pantagamy?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It is legal in the United States. | |  | b. | It is an informal arrangement. | |  | c. | It is a group marriage that was practiced in the 19th and 20th centuries. | |  | d. | It involves being exclusive to one sexual partner. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 61. Which of the following is true in the context of marriage?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Spouses live longer than single people. | |  | b. | Spouses report being less happy than single people. | |  | c. | Spouses have fewer economic resources than single people. | |  | d. | Spouses are more likely to commit a crime than single people. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 62. Which of the following statements is true of family relationship values in the year 2020?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Single people are considered deviant and pathological. | |  | b. | Married women are required to be full-time housewives. | |  | c. | Husbands and wives are required to reside together. | |  | d. | Childfree people are seen as self-actuating individuals. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 63. Your \_\_\_\_\_ consists either of you, your parents, and your siblings or of you, your spouse, and your children.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | polygamous family | |  | b. | nuclear family | |  | c. | blended family | |  | d. | extended family |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 64. According to the self-fulfilling prophecy, \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | the image people have of themselves is independent of what other people tell them about themselves | |  | b. | individuals, couples, and families are independent of the environment but are dependent on other human beings for social interaction | |  | c. | once people define situations and the behaviors in which they are expected to engage, they are able to behave toward one another in predictable ways | |  | d. | a heterosexual couple who cohabits and presents themselves as married will be regarded as legally married in all the American states |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 65. Which of the following is a difference between marriages and families in the United States?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Unlike a marriage, a family ends when a spouse dies or is divorced. | |  | b. | Unlike in a marriage, members are born or adopted into a family. | |  | c. | Unlike a marriage, a family is initiated by a formal ceremony. | |  | d. | Unlike in a marriage, recreation revolves around adults in a family. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 66. Which of the following statements is true in the context of the family systems framework?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A healthy family is one where the members are locked into one role. | |  | b. | A family's system of interacting must always be implicit. | |  | c. | Family systems may be open or closed. | |  | d. | Family rules are most efficient if they are rigid. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 67. Which of the following is true of conflict theorists?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | They believe that conflict limits the growth of individuals. | |  | b. | They emphasize that conflict is an unnatural part of relationships. | |  | c. | They recognize that all members of a family have similar goals and values. | |  | d. | They regard conflict as necessary for the change of individuals, marriages, and families. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 68. In terms of the theoretical frameworks for viewing marriage and the family, the \_\_\_\_\_ views interaction and choices in terms of cost and profit.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family systems framework | |  | b. | social exchange framework | |  | c. | structure-function framework | |  | d. | conflict framework |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 69. Which of the following statements best defines marriage?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It is an informal relationship in which a couple resides together and may raise a family together but is not bound by a legal contract. | |  | b. | It is a relationship between two unrelated adults involved in an emotional and sexual relationship who sleep in the same residence at least four nights a week for three months. | |  | c. | It is a relationship in which unrelated individuals who live together are financially interdependent and are given some kind of official recognition by a city so as to receive partner benefits. | |  | d. | It is a legal relationship that binds a couple together for the reproduction, physical care, and socialization of children. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 70. Which of the following is an example of a postmodern family?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A dual-earner family in which the husband and the wife work outside the home | |  | b. | A family in which the husband earns and the wife raises the children | |  | c. | A family in which a gay couple raise their adopted children | |  | d. | A family in which the grandparents raise the children because the parents work |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 71. Which of the following is true of a marriage contract in the United States?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The age required to marry remains the same across all states. | |  | b. | In all states, individuals can marry at any age with parental or judicial consent. | |  | c. | In California, individuals can marry only when they reach the age of 21. | |  | d. | The marriage contract gives power to the state over the couple. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 72. \_\_\_\_\_ are pair-bonded relationships given legal significance in terms of rights and privileges.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Polygynous marriages | |  | b. | Civil unions | |  | c. | Polyamorous relationships | |  | d. | Open relationships |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 73. The family of orientation is the:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family that a person will begin should he or she have children. | |  | b. | family into which a person is married. | |  | c. | family that fosters a person until he or she finds a permanent family. | |  | d. | family into which a person is born. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 74. People born from early 1980s to early 2000s belong to \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Generation Y | |  | b. | Generation X | |  | c. | the Great Generation | |  | d. | the Silent Generation |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 75. Which of the following statements best defines the term familism?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It is the belief that one type of family structure is superior to the other and should dominate the important areas of life. | |  | b. | It is a philosophy in which decisions are made in reference to what is best for the family as a collective unit. | |  | c. | It is the discrimination or prejudice against families that are socially or economically less privileged than one's own family. | |  | d. | It is a theory that advocates singlehood and propagates that the institutions of marriage and family add obligations to relationships. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 76. Which of the following statements is true of the views of the members of the Fundamentalist Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter-day Saints (FLDS)?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Polygyny, for members of the FLDS, is considered a sin. | |  | b. | Polygyny, for members of the FLDS, is a means of having many children to produce a celestial family. | |  | c. | Members of the FLDS believe that polygynous individuals should be prosecuted. | |  | d. | Members of the FLDS believe that the practice of polygyny should be made illegal. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 77. In \_\_\_\_\_, two or more (up to five) husbands, who may be brothers, pool their resources to support one wife.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | polyandry | |  | b. | polygyny | |  | c. | misogyny | |  | d. | monogamy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 78. The family life cycle has its basis in \_\_\_\_\_.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | psychology | |  | b. | sociology | |  | c. | sociobiology | |  | d. | ecology |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 79. According to \_\_\_\_\_, the image people have of themselves is a reflection of what other people tell them about themselves.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | the looking-glass self | |  | b. | self-reflection counseling | |  | c. | the self-fulfilling prophecy | |  | d. | biofeedback training |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 80. Which of the following methods of data collection involves focusing on one couple?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Survey | |  | b. | Case study | |  | c. | Questionnaire | |  | d. | Archival |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 81. \_\_\_\_\_ is a family created when two individuals marry and at least one of them brings a child or children from a previous relationship or marriage.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The extended family | |  | b. | A blended family | |  | c. | The traditional family | |  | d. | A nuclear family |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 82. Which of the following statements is true of the legal contract of marriage in the United States?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The age required to marry varies by state. | |  | b. | In all states, individuals can marry at any age with parental or judicial consent. | |  | c. | In California, individuals can marry only when they reach the age of 21. | |  | d. | The marriage contract gives power to the couple over the state. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 83. Which of the following feministic perspectives stresses the neglect of women's perspective and experiences in the production of knowledge?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Standpoint feminism | |  | b. | Psychoanalytic feminism | |  | c. | Lesbian feminism | |  | d. | Ecofeminism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 84. Identify a true statement about marriages and families in the year 2020.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Individuals who want to remain childfree are considered deviant. | |  | b. | Gay individuals are more open about their identity. | |  | c. | Families are focused on the needs of children. | |  | d. | Cohabitation is unacceptable. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 85. Which of the following statements is true of family systems?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A family's system of interacting must always be implicit. | |  | b. | Individuals in healthy families are locked into one role. | |  | c. | Closed family systems feel threatened by contact with the outside world. | |  | d. | Family rules are most efficient if they are rigid. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 86. Which of the following is true of marriages and families in the year 1950?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Husbands and wives lived apart together. | |  | b. | Gender roles were egalitarian. | |  | c. | Society strongly disapproved of divorce. | |  | d. | Dating and mating were heterogamous. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 87. Which of the following statements is true of problem families?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Individuals are allowed to alternate roles within the family. | |  | b. | Creation of boundaries within the family is not allowed. | |  | c. | Flexibility of rules for each family member is encouraged. | |  | d. | One family member is often allocated the role of scapegoat. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 88. Which of the following statements is true of families?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | They end when a spouse dies or couples get divorced. | |  | b. | They involve individuals who represent more than one generation. | |  | c. | They require a license for couples to become parents. | |  | d. | They are always initiated by a formal ceremony. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 89. The advent of industrialization, urbanization, and mobility was associated with the rise of:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | familism. | |  | b. | individualism. | |  | c. | communism. | |  | d. | collectivism. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 90. The definition of the situation, the looking-glass self, and the self-fulfilling prophecy are concepts involved in the \_\_\_\_\_ of marriage and the family.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | family life course development framework | |  | b. | structure-function framework | |  | c. | symbolic interaction framework | |  | d. | conflict framework |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 91. During the Industrial Revolution, \_\_\_\_\_ became the dominant mode for the production of goods.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | draught animals | |  | b. | software | |  | c. | machines | |  | d. | human labor |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 92. Identify a true statement about single people.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Single people live longer than married people. | |  | b. | Single people report less happiness than married people. | |  | c. | Single people have more economic resources than married people. | |  | d. | Single people are less likely to commit a crime than married people. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 93. Which of the following statements is true of single people?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Single people live longer than married people. | |  | b. | Single people report more happiness than married people. | |  | c. | Single people have more economic resources than married people. | |  | d. | Single people report being less satisfied with their sex lives than married people. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 94. Members of the Fundamentalist Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter-day Saints (FLDS) feel that:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | the practice of polygyny is God's will. | |  | b. | polygyny is a sin. | |  | c. | polygynous individuals should be prosecuted. | |  | d. | the practice of polygyny should be made illegal. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 95. Briefly discuss the terms binuclear family and blended family.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. A binuclear family is a family in which the members live in two separate households. This family type is created when the parents of the children divorce and live separately, setting up two separate units, with the children remaining a part of each unit. Each of these units may also change again when the parents remarry and bring additional children into the respective units (blended family). Hence, the children may go from a nuclear family with both parents, to a binuclear unit with parents living in separate homes, to a blended family when parents remarry and bring additional children into the respective units. | |

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| 96. Briefly discuss the terms familism and individualism.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The advent of industrialization, urbanization, and mobility was associated with the demise of familism (focus on what is important for the family) and the rise of individualism (focus on what it important for the individual). When family members functioned together as an economic unit, they were dependent on one another for survival and were concerned about what was good for the family. This familistic focus on the needs of the family has since shifted to a focus on self-fulfillment— individualism. Individualism and the quest for personal fulfillment are thought to have contributed to high divorce rates, absent fathers, and parents spending less time with their children. | |

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| 97. Briefly discuss the terms nuclear family, traditional family, and modern family.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The nuclear family refers to either a family of origin or a family of procreation. In practice, this means that your nuclear family consists either of you, your parents, and your siblings or of you, your spouse, and your children. Generally, one-parent households are not referred to as nuclear families. They are binuclear families if both parents are involved in the child's life, or single-parent families if only one parent is involved in the child's life. The traditional family is the two-parent nuclear family, with the husband as breadwinner and the wife as homemaker. The modern family is the dual-earner family, in which both spouses work outside the home. | |

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| 98. What is polygamy?   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. Polygamy is a generic term for marriage involving more than two spouses. There are three forms of polygamy: polygyny, polyandry, and pantagamy. Polygyny involves one husband and two or more wives and is practiced illegally in the United States by some religious fundamentalist groups. These groups are primarily in Arizona, New Mexico, and Utah (as well as Canada), and have splintered off from the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (commonly known as the Mormon Church). Tibetan Buddhists foster yet another brand of polygamy, referred to as polyandry, in which one wife has two or more (up to five) husbands. These husbands, who may be brothers, pool their resources to support one wife. Polyandry is a much less common form of polygamy than polygyny. The major reason for polyandry is economic. Pantagamy describes a group marriage in which each member of the group is "married" to the others. Pantagamy is a formal arrangement that was practiced in communes (e.g., Oneida) in the 19th and 20th centuries. | |

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| 99. Briefly discuss the terms family of origin and family of procreation.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. Also referred to as the family of orientation, the family of origin is the family into which you were born or the family in which you were reared. It involves you, your parents, and your siblings. When you go to your parents' home for the holidays, you return to your family of origin. Siblings in one's family of origin also provide a profound influence on one another's behavior, emotional development, adjustment, and happiness (Incerti et al., 2015; McHale et al., 2012). The relationship with one's siblings, particularly the sister-sister relationship, often represents the most enduring relationship in a person's lifetime. The family of procreation represents the family that you will begin should you marry and have children. Of U.S. citizens living in the United States 65 years old and over, 96% have married with most establishing their own family of procreation (Proquest Statistical Abstract of the United States, 2016, Table 32). Across the life cycle, individuals move from their family of orientation to their family of procreation. | |

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| 100. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly explain the views of conflict theorists.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. Conflict framework views individuals in relationships as competing for valuable resources (time, money, power). Conflict theorists recognize that family members have different goals and values that produce conflict. Adolescents want freedom (e.g., stay out late with new love interest) while parents want their child to get a good night's sleep, not get pregnant, and stay on track in school. Conflict theorists also view conflict not as good or bad but as a natural and normal part of relationships. They regard conflict as necessary for the change and growth of individuals, marriages, and families. Cohabitation relationships, marriages, and families all have the potential for conflict. | |

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| 101. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly explain the human ecology framework.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The human ecology framework (also known as the ecological perspective) (Shelton, 2015) looks at family as an ecosystem which interacts with the environment. Humans are biological organisms and social beings that interact with their environment. Individuals, couples, and families are dependent on the environment for survival and on other human beings for social interaction. The well-being of individuals and families cannot be considered apart from the well-being of the environment. For example, nutrition and housing are important to the functioning of families. If a family does not have enough to eat or have adequate housing, it will not be able to function at an optimal level. | |

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| 102. In the context of the symbolic interaction framework, discuss the difference between the looking-glass self and the self-fulfilling prophecy.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The symbolic interaction framework views marriages and families as symbolic worlds in which the various members give meaning to one another's behavior. The term symbolic interaction refers to the process of interpersonal interaction and involves the concepts of the definition of the situation, the looking-glass self, and the self-fulfilling prophecy. According to the looking-glass self, the image people have of themselves is a reflection of what other people tell them about themselves. People develop an idea of who they are by the way others act toward them. If no one looks at or speaks to them, they will begin to feel unsettled. Similarly, family members constantly hold up social mirrors for one another into which the respective members look for definitions of self. According to the self-fulfilling prophecy, once people define situations and the behaviors in which they are expected to engage, they are able to behave toward one another in predictable ways. Such predictability of behavior affects subsequent behavior. If you feel that your partner expects you to be faithful, your behavior is likely to conform to these expectations. The expectations thus create a self-fulfilling prophecy. | |

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| 103. Differentiate between marriage and the family in the United States.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The following are some of the differences between marriage and the family in the United States:   * Marriages involve two people, whereas families usually involve more than two people. * In marriages, the ages of the individuals tend to be similar, whereas in families, individuals represent more than one generation. * In marriages, spouses are focused on each other, whereas in families, focus changes with addition of children. * In marriages, money in unit is spent on the couple, whereas in families, money is used for the needs of children. * In marriages, recreation revolves around adults, whereas in families, recreation revolves around children. | |

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| 104. Briefly discuss common-law marriages.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The law is currently designed to protect spouses, not lovers or cohabitants. An exception is common-law marriage, in which a heterosexual couple who cohabit and present themselves as married will be regarded as legally married in those states that recognize such marriages. Common-law marriages exist in 14 states (Alabama, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Texas) and the District of Columbia. Even in these states, not all persons can marry by common law—they must be of sound mind, be unmarried, and must have lived together for a certain period of time (e.g., three years). Persons married by common law who move to a non-common-law state are recognized as being married in the new state to which they move. | |

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| 105. Briefly discuss the impact of the Industrial Revolution on families.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The Industrial Revolution refers to the social and economic changes that occurred when machines and factories, rather than human labor, became the dominant mode for the production of goods. Industrialization occurred in the United States during the early- and mid-1800s and represents one of the most profound influences on the family. Before industrialization, families functioned as an economic unit that produced goods and services for its own consumption. Parents and children worked together in or near the home to meet the survival needs of the family. As the United States became industrialized, more men and women left the home to sell their labor for wages. The family was no longer a self-sufficient unit that determined its work hours. Rather, employers determined where and when family members would work. Whereas children in preindustrialized America worked on farms and contributed to the economic survival of the family, children in industrialized America became economic liabilities rather than assets. Child labor laws and mandatory education removed children from the labor force and lengthened their dependence on parental support. Eventually, both parents had to work away from the home to support their children. The dual-income family had begun. | |

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| 106. List the steps in the marriage and family research process.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The following are the steps in the marriage and family research process:   * Identifying the topic or focus of research * Reviewing the literature * Developing hypotheses * Deciding on the type of study and method of data collection * Getting approval from the Institutional Review Board * Collecting and analyzing data * Writing up and publishing the results | |

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| 107. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly discuss the structure-function framework.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The structure-function framework emphasizes how marriage and family contribute to society. Just as the human body is made up of different parts that work together for the good of the individual, society is made up of different institutions (e.g., family, religion, education, economics) that work together for the good of society. Functionalists view the family as an institution with values, norms, and activities meant to provide stability for the larger society. Such stability depends on families performing various functions for society. First, families serve to replenish society with socialized members. Because our society cannot continue to exist without new members, we must have some way of ensuring a continuing supply. However, just having new members is not enough. We need socialized members— those who can speak our language and know the norms and roles of our society. Second, marriage and the family promote the emotional stability of the respective spouses. Society cannot provide enough counselors to help us whenever we have emotional issues/problems. Marriage ideally provides in-residence counselors who are loving and caring partners with whom people share (and receive help for) their most difficult experiences. | |

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| 108. Briefly discuss some of the benefits of marriage.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The following are some of the benefits of marriage:   * Spouses have fewer hospital admissions, see a physician more regularly, and are sick less often. They recover from illness/surgery more quickly. * Spouses report being happier than single people. * Spouses report being more satisfied with their sex lives, both physically and emotionally. * Spouses have more economic resources than single people. * Spouses have lower rates of drug use and abuse. | |

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| 109. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly explain the feminist framework.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. Although a feminist framework views marriage and family as contexts of inequality and oppression for women, there are 11 feminist perspectives, including lesbian feminism (emphasizing oppressive heterosexuality), psychoanalytic feminism (focusing on cultural domination of men's phallic-oriented ideas and repressed emotions), and standpoint feminism (stressing the neglect of women's perspective and experiences in the production of knowledge) (Lorber, 1998). Regardless of which feminist framework is being discussed, all feminist frameworks have the themes of inequality and oppression. According to feminist theory, gender structures our experiences (e.g., women and men will experience life differently because there are different expectations for the respective genders). Feminists seek equality in their relationships with their partners. In addition, this framework has been adapted to examine other inequalities and oppressions such as sexism, lookism, and heterosexualism. | |

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| 110. Briefly discuss the legal contract of marriage.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. Marriage in U.S. society is a legal contract into which two individuals (heterosexual or homosexual) who are of legal age may enter when they are not already married to someone else. The age required to marry varies by state and is usually from 16 to 18 (most states set 17 or 18 as the requirement). In some states (e.g., Alabama) individuals can marry at age 14 with parental or judicial consent. In California, individuals can marry at any age with parental consent. The marriage license certifies that a legally empowered representative of the state perform the ceremony, often with two witnesses present. The marriage contract gives power to the state over the couple—should they decide to divorce, the state can dictate the terms—in child custody, division of property, and child support. | |

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| 111. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly explain the family systems framework.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The family systems framework views each member of the family as part of a system and the family as a unit that develops norms of interacting, which may be explicit (e.g., parents specify when their children must stop texting for the evening and complete homework) or implicit (e.g., spouses expect fidelity from each other). These rules serve various functions, such as the allocation of keeping the education of offspring on track and solidifying the emotional bond of the spouses. Rules are most efficient if they are flexible (e.g., they should be adjusted over time in response to a child's growing competence). Family members also develop boundaries that define the individual and the group and separate one system or subsystem from another. In addition to rules and boundaries, family systems have roles (leader, follower, scapegoat) for the respective family members. These roles may be shared by more than one person or may shift from person to person during an interaction or across time. | |

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| 112. In the context of the ways of viewing marriage and the family, briefly discuss the social exchange framework.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers will vary. The social exchange framework is one of the most commonly used theoretical perspectives in marriage and the family. The framework views interaction and choices in terms of cost and profit. The social exchange framework also operates from a premise of utilitarianism—the theory that individuals rationally weigh the rewards and costs associated with behavioral choices. A social exchange view of marital roles emphasizes that spouses negotiate the division of labor on the basis of exchange. For example, a man participates in child care in exchange for his wife earning an income, which relieves him of the total financial responsibility. Social exchange theorists also emphasize that power in relationships is the ability to influence, and avoid being influenced by, the partner. Over half (63%) of 9,410 undergraduates from two universities reported that they had the same amount of power in the relationship as their partner. | |